

Vectorising a non-strict data-parallel functional language

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The role of a vectorising compiler for an imperative language is to transform the for-loops of a program into the vector instructions of a data-parallel machine. In a functional language, constant complexity map is the essence of data-parallelism, where a function is applied to every element of a data-structure all at the same time. As map can be considered to be an abstraction of an imperative for-loop, the goal of vectorising a functional language is to transform map expressions into vector operations. This paper presents a vectorisation process in terms of transformations to programs expressed in an extended lambda-calculus. Of particular interest is the way in which algebraic data-types are transformed into a form that is susceptible to the synchronous parallel evaluation on a data-parallel machine. Results are presented for a vectorising Haskell compiler that generates code for the CPP DAP, a massively parallel SIMD machine.

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